

Chain-of-Thought Prompting

YOUR JOURNEY TO UNDERSTANDING

How Chain-of-Thought Prompting Boosts AI Reasoning

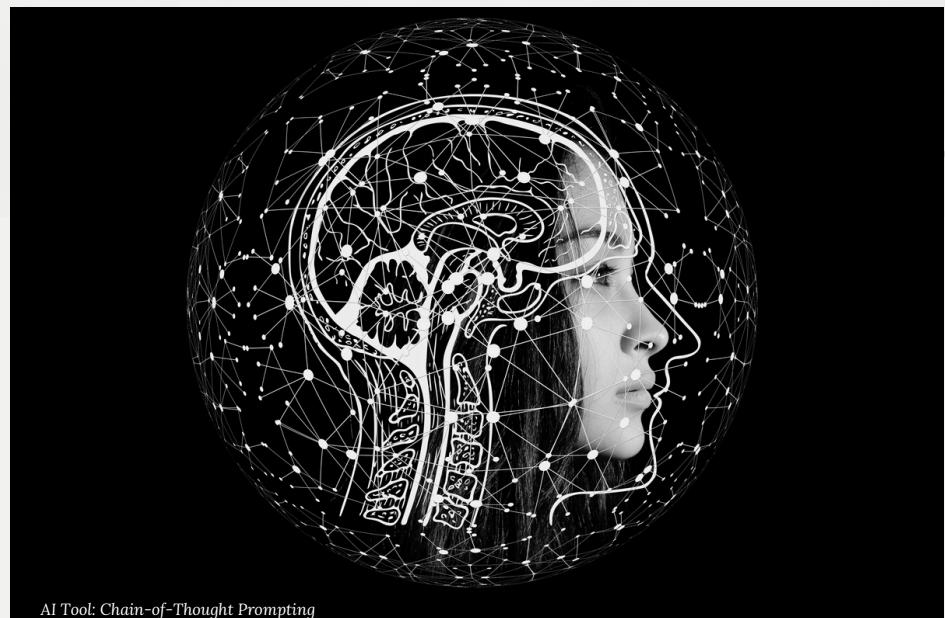
AUTHOR: DAWN PEARSON

Large language models like GPT-3 and PaLM can already write stories, answer questions, and explain concepts. But when it comes to solving complex, multi-step problems—like tricky math questions or reasoning puzzles—they often struggle.

A new method called Chain-of-Thought Prompting (CoT), developed by researchers at Google, shows that we can unlock much stronger reasoning abilities in these models simply by changing how we ask questions.

Chain-of-Thought Prompting

Instead of asking a model for just the final answer, CoT prompting gives it examples where each problem is solved step-by-step in plain language before arriving at the answer.



AI Tool: Chain-of-Thought Prompting

Chain-of-Thought Example

For example:

Without CoT:

Q: Roger has 5 tennis balls and buys 2 cans of 3 balls each. How many total?

A: 11.

With CoT:

Roger starts with 5 balls.

Each can have 3 balls, and 2 cans means 6 more balls.

$5 + 6 = 11$.

The answer is 11.

This "thinking out loud" approach helps large models break down problems into smaller, easier parts—just like humans do

Key Findings from the Study

Bigger models benefit more: CoT only works well for very large models (around 100B+ parameters). Smaller ones often produce fluent but illogical reasoning.

Massive Performance Gains

On the GSM8K math benchmark, PaLM 540B with CoT achieved state-of-the-art accuracy, beating even specialized fine-tuned models.

CoT improved results in commonsense reasoning (e.g., StrategyQA, Sports Understanding) and symbolic reasoning (e.g., tracking coin flips, letter puzzles).

United States

Light the spark of knowing

June 2025

General Purpose Improvement

The method works for math, logic, and commonsense tasks without retraining the model.

Interpretability Bonus

CoT reveals the model's reasoning process, making it easier to debug mistakes.

Why Does it Work?

- Breaks down problems into intermediate steps.
- Allocates more “mental effort” to complex questions.
- Uses natural language to keep track of the logic.

Limitations

CoT doesn't guarantee the reasoning is factually correct—sometimes the logic is flawed but the final answer is right (or vice versa). Writing high-quality example chains can be time-consuming. Very large models are expensive to run, limiting real-world deployment.

Why This Matters

Chain-of-Thought Prompting expands what large language models can do—making them better at math, logic, and decision-making without retraining. This could lead to smarter tutoring systems, better AI assistants, and more reliable automated reasoning tools.

Unlock The Mind

If you work with AI, then try experimenting with step-by-step example prompts in your own projects. Even if you're not training models yourself, structuring your questions like a “worked example” could dramatically improve AI performance.

Want to explore CoT prompting in action? Try rephrasing your next AI query with explicit intermediate steps—you might be surprised by the jump in accuracy.

Stay curious, follow cutting-edge technology, and explore the intersection of consciousness and artificial intelligence—it's a journey into the very nature of being.

ABOUT THE AUTHOR

DAWN PEARSON IS A WRITER WITH A BACKGROUND IN BIOLOGY, LIFE SCIENCES, AND BIOTECHNOLOGY.

[LinkedIn](#)[Portfolio](#)[Linktr.ee](#)**References**

Wei, J., Wang, X., Schuurmans, D., Bosma, M., Ichter, B., Xia, F., Chi, E. H., Le, Q. V., & Zhou, D. (2022). Chain-of-Thought Prompting Elicits Reasoning in Large Language Models. NeurIPS 2022. arXiv:2201.11903. [Wiest, M. C. \(2025\). A quantum microtubule substrate of consciousness is experimentally supported and solves the binding and epiphenomenalism problems. Neuroscience of Consciousness, 2025\(1\), niaf011. https://academic.oup.com/nc/article/2025/1/niaf011/8127081?login=false](#)

